GAINING ACCESS

OVERVIEW

7-1.1 Identify why and when procedures for extricating patients must be done, with at least 80% accuracy.

OVERVIEW

- Fundamentals of Extrication
- Equipment
- Getting to the Patient
- Removing the Patient

Fundamentals of Extrication

Role of EMT-B

- Non-rescue EMS
  - Administer necessary care to patient before extrication
  - Patient care should precede extrication
  - Working with others

Role of EMT-B

- Rescue EMS
  - In some instances you may also be rescue providers
  - Chain of command should be established

Equipment

- Personal Safety
  - Number one priority
  - Protective clothing

Equipment

- Patient safety
  - Inform patient
  - Protect patient

Getting to the Patient

- Simple Access
  - Does not require equipment

Getting to the Patient

- Complex Access
  - Use of tools
  - Separate programs

Removing the Patient

- Maintain cervical spine stabilization

Removing the Patient

- Complete initial assessment

Removing the Patient

- Provide critical interventions

Removing the Patient

- Immobilize spine securely
- Move the patient not the immobilization device
- Use sufficient personnel

Removing the Patient

- Choose path of least resistance
- Continue to protect patient's from hazards

Review

7-1.1 Identify why and when procedures for extricating patients must be done, with at least 80% accuracy.

Review

- Fundamentals of Extrication
- Equipment
- Getting to the Patient
- Removing the Patient